

CITY OF WESTLAKE



AGENDA

Local Planning Agency Meeting
Monday, March 9, 2020 at 6:00 PM

Westlake Council Chambers
4005 Seminole Pratt Whitney Road
Westlake, Florida 33470

CITY COUNCIL:

Roger Manning, Mayor
Katrina Long Robinson, Vice Mayor
John Stanavitch, Council Member
Kara Crump, Council Member
Phillip Everett, Council Member

CITY STAFF:

Ken Cassel, City Manager
Pam E. Booker, City Attorney
Zoie P. Burgess, City Clerk

[TENTATIVE: SUBJECT TO REVISION]

1. **CALL TO ORDER**

2. **ROLL CALL**

3. **PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE**

4. **ADDITIONS, DELETIONS OR MODIFICATIONS, AND APPROVAL OF AGENDA**

5. **PUBLIC COMMENTS AND REQUESTS**

This is the designated time for the public to speak. Public comments will be limited to three (3) minutes each.

6. **CONSENT AGENDA**

A. Approval of Meeting Minutes

- October 28, 2019 – Local Planning Agency Meeting Minutes

7. **PUBLIC HEARING**

A. Ordinance 2020-03 – Amending the Comprehensive Plan to Adopt by Reference an Updated 10-Year Water Supply Facilities Work Plan (*Published February 27, 2020- Palm Beach Post*)

- Exhibit “A” – 10-Year Water Supply Work Plan
- Exhibit “B” – Water supply related amendments to current Comprehensive Plan

1. Staff Presentation on Ordinance 2020-03 (NZ Consultants)

2. Recommendation to Council for Transmittal Hearing and First Reading of Ordinance 2020-03

ORDINANCE 2020-03

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL FOR THE CITY OF WESTLAKE, FLORIDA, AMENDING ITS COMPREHENSIVE PLAN TO ADOPT BY REFERENCE AN UPDATED 10-YEAR WATER SUPPLY FACILITIES WORK PLAN AS REQUIRED BY 163.3177, FLORIDA STATUTES; PROVIDING FOR THE ADOPTION OF AMENDMENTS TO THE CITY'S COMPREHENSIVE PLAN TO IMPLEMENT THE UPDATED WATER SUPPLY FACILITIES WORK PLAN; PROVIDING FOR ADOPTION OF UPDATED POLICIES WITHIN THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN INFRASTRUCTURE ELEMENT; PROVIDING FOR TRANSMITTAL TO THE STATE LAND PLANNING AGENCY, DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY; PROVIDING THE REPEAL OF LAWS IN CONFLICT; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

8. **ADJOURNMENT**

Next Meeting (*Subject to Change or be Cancelled*):

April 13, 2020 – 6:00 PM

NOTICE: Pursuant to Florida Statute 286.0105, if a person, firm or corporation decides to appeal any decision made by the City Council with respect to any matter considered at this meeting, you will need a record of the proceedings, and you may need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is made, which record includes the testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based. (The above notice is required by State Law. Anyone desiring a verbatim transcript shall have the responsibility, at his own cost, to arrange for the transcript). The City of Westlake does not prepare or provide such verbatim record.

In accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, persons who need an accommodation in order to attend or participate in this meeting should contact the City Clerk at (561) 530-5880 at least five (5) business days prior to the meeting in order to request such assistance.

AGENDA POSTED: March 4, 2020

**MINUTES OF MEETING
CITY OF WESTLAKE
LOCAL PLANNING MEETING**

A meeting of the Local Planning Agency of the City of Westlake was held on Monday, October 28, 2019 at 6:00 p.m., at the Westlake Community Center, 4005 Seminole-Pratt Whitney Road, Westlake, Florida.

Present and constituting a quorum were:

Roger Manning	Mayor
Katrina Long Robinson	Vice Mayor
John Stanavitch	City Council Seat 1
Kara Crump	City Council Seat 2
Phillip Everett	City Council Seat 3

Also present were:

Kenneth Cassel	City Manager
Pam E. Booker, Esq.	City Attorney
Nilsa Zacarias	NZ Consultants
John Carter	Minto PBLH, LLC
Donaldson Hearing	Coulter & Hearing
David Shaggy	Contraria Development
Ian Nessler	PGAL
Greg Vest	ISTF
Tara Duh	Lewis, Longman & Walker
Residents	

The following is a summary of the minutes and actions taken during the October 28, 2019 City of Westlake Local Planning Agency Meeting.

1. Call to Order/Roll Call

Mayor Manning called the meeting to order and Mr. Cassel called the roll.

2. Pledge of Allegiance

The Pledge of Allegiance was recited.

3. Presentation on ISTF Requested Use

Ms. Nilsa Zacarias provided a presentation on the ISTF Requested Use.

4. Staff Report for ISTF Requested Use

The Staff Report was provided in the agenda package. The following was discussed:

Vice Mayor Long Robinson asked if incubator spacing for the downtown mixed use area, for small business owners, was part of this plan.

Ms. Nilsa Zacarias responded that will be part of Chapter 3.

6. Presentation on ISTF Master Site Plan

Ms. Nilsa Zacarias provided a presentation on the ISTF Master Site Plan.

Vice Mayor Long Robinson asked if the facilities will be available for use by the public.

Mr. David Shaggy, Contraria Development, responded they anticipate being able to accommodate public access. As part of the Phase 1 concept, they will be creating a youth recreational soccer program for the City and the surrounding area. They anticipate opening the fields to the public.

7. Staff Report on ISTF Master Site Plan

The staff report was provided in the agenda package.

9. Presentation on ISTF Phase 1A Site Plan

Ms. Nilsa Zacarias provided a presentation on ISTF Phase 1A Site Plan.

Mr. Don Hearing provided a presentation on behalf of the applicant.

Mr. David Shaggy provided an overview of ISTF and their vision. He also addressed several questions from the LPA Board.

Mr. Greg Vest provided information on the school's curriculum.

Ms. Tara Duhay discussed the project on behalf of the landowner.

10. Staff Report for ISTF Phase 1A Site Plan

The staff report was provided in the agenda package.

5. Recommendation of Resolution 2019-32, Approving ISTF Requested Use

Mr. Cassel read into the record Resolution 2019-32 by title only.

On MOTION by Councilman Everett seconded by Councilman Stanavitch with all in favor Resolution 2019-32, approving ISTF Requested Use, was approved for recommendation to the City Council.

8. Recommendation of Approval of ISTF Master Plan

Mr. Cassel read into the record Resolution 2019-38 by title only.

On MOTION by Councilwoman Crump seconded by Councilman Everett with all in favor Resolution 2019-38, approving ISTF Master Plan, was approved for recommendation to the City Council.

11. Recommendation of Resolution 2019-31, Approving ISTF Phase 1A Site Plan

Mr. Cassel read into the record Resolution 2019-31 by title only.

On MOTION by Councilman Stanavitch seconded by Councilwoman Crump with all in favor Resolution 2019-31, approving ISTF Phase 1A Site Plan, was approved for recommendation to the City Council.

The floor was opened to audience comments.

Ms. Carline Millen asked the following questions:

- When will residents receive an update on the Town Center, which is a portion of why some residents moved to the City. Mr. Cassel responded there is not a current update.
- Was any information provided regarding the location of City Hall. Mr. Cassel responded he is working with the developer to find a location for City Hall.
- Will the church have a private school. Mr. Cassel responded there are no plans for any facilities such as a daycare or private school.
- What is the process for deciding what businesses come to the City. Mayor Manning responded the developer provides recommendations of prospective businesses. This piece of land was designated for education.

Mr. Carter stated, as a senior executive of Minto PBLH, LLC, he is dedicated on focusing on the community of Westlake. This entails two major areas: residential land sales and commercial land sales. Since 2013 there have been three fundamental issues, which must be dealt with before he can entice the first retail developer. The first issue is getting daytime population. The second issue, which is being resolved daily, is having nearby population. Thirdly, drive-by traffic on Seminole Pratt Whitney Road is needed for a town center development to be successful. The bulk of that traffic is driven by the population within the City of Westlake. There will be a town center. It is embodied in the Comprehensive Plan adopted by the City Council. The ISTF project will bring 300 employees to the City. Those employees along with residents will attract a town center developer.

Ms. Wanda Paul asked the following questions:

- Are there any plans for a resident advisory board to provide input to the Council. Vice Mayor Long Robinson stated she met with City staff and was going to suggest, at the City Council meeting, opening a seat on the LPA Board for a resident.
- Will taxpayer money be used to support the facility and the school. Mr. Cassel responded it is a privately funded operation.
- Will there be spots set aside for Palm Beach County students.

Mr. Jeffrey Keller expressed concern over tax revenue and what ISTF is proposing.

12. Presentation on 7-Eleven Requested Use 2.0

Ms. Nilsa Zacarias provided a presentation on 7-Eleven Use 2.0.

Mr. Don Hearing provided a presentation on behalf of the applicant.

13. Staff Report for 7-Eleven Requested Use 2.0

The staff report was provided in the agenda package.

There were no comments from the public.

14. Recommendation of Resolution 2019-34, Approving 7-Eleven Requested Use

Mr. Cassel read into the record Resolution 2019-34 by title only.

On MOTION Councilwoman Crump seconded by Councilman Stanavitch with all in favor Resolution 2019-34, approving the 7-Eleven requested use, was approved for recommendation to the City Council.

15. Presentation on 7-Eleven Site Plan 2.0

Presentations were provided.

16. Staff Report for 7-Eleven Site Plan 2.0

The staff report was provided in the agenda package.

17. Recommendation of Resolution 2019-35, Approving 7-Eleven Site Plan 2.0

Mr. Cassel read into the record Resolution 2019-35 by title only.

On MOTION by Councilman Stanavitch seconded by Councilwoman Crump with all in favor Resolution 2019-35, approving 7-Eleven site plan 2.0, was approved for recommendation to the City Council.

18. Audience Comments

There were no additional comments from the public.

19. Adjournment

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

Roger Manning, Mayor

Kenneth Cassel, City Manager



Meeting Agenda Item Coversheet

MEETING DATE:	March 9, 2020	SUBMITTED BY:	Staff
SUBJECT:	LPA - 10 Year Water Supply Facilities Work Plan Transmittal Document		
STAFF RECOMMENDATION: (MOTION READY)	Recommendation to Council		
SUMMARY:	<p>The purpose of the City of Westlake's Water Supply Facilities Work Plan (Work Plan) is to identify and plan for the water supply sources and facilities needed to serve existing and new development within the City's jurisdiction. Chapter 163, Part II, Florida Statutes (F.S.), requires local governments to prepare and adopt Work Plans into their comprehensive plans within 18 months after the South Florida Water Management District (District) approves a regional water supply plan or its update. The 2018 Lower East Coast Water Supply Plan Update was approved by the District's Governing Board November 8, 2018 and covers a planning horizon from 2016-2040.</p>		
JUSTIFICATION:	<p>The Florida Legislature enacted bills in the 2002, 2004, 2005, 2011, 2012, 2015, and 2016 sessions to address the state's water supply needs. These bills, in particular Senate Bills 360 and 444 (2005 legislative session), significantly changed Chapters 163 and 373, F.S. by strengthening the statutory links between the regional water supply plans prepared by the water management districts and the comprehensive plans prepared by local governments. In addition, these bills established the basis for improving coordination between local land use planning and water supply planning.</p>		
ITEM TO BE PRESENTED: <i>Select and identify each document to be included in Agenda Packet:</i>	RESOLUTION: <input type="checkbox"/>	ORDINANCE: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AGREEMENT: <input type="checkbox"/>
	STAFF REPORT: <input type="checkbox"/>	EXHIBIT(S): <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	BUDGET: <input type="checkbox"/>
	PROCLAMATION: <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER: <input type="checkbox"/>		
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Ordinance 2020-03 2. Exhibit 'A' 10 Year Water Supply Facilities Work Plan Transmittal Document 3. Exhibit 'B' Comprehensive Plan Amendments 		
FISCAL IMPACT (if any):			\$
REVIEW & APPROVALS (where applicable):			
STAFF:		DATE:	
CITY MANAGER:		DATE:	
CITY ATTORNEY: <i>(As to Form & Legality)</i>		DATE:	
CITY CLERK:	PROOF OF PUBLICATION(S): Palm Beach Post		
	DATE:	02/27/2020	
COUNCIL ACTION			
ACTION TAKEN:	APPROVED AS RECOMMENDED: <input type="checkbox"/>		APPROVED WITH REVISION(S): <input type="checkbox"/>
	TABLED: <input type="checkbox"/>	DATE: _____	TABLED INDEFINITELY: <input type="checkbox"/> DENIED: <input type="checkbox"/>

ORDINANCE NO. 2020-03

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL FOR THE CITY OF WESTLAKE, FLORIDA, AMENDING ITS COMPREHENSIVE PLAN TO ADOPT BY REFERENCE AN UPDATED 10-YEAR WATER SUPPLY FACILITIES WORK PLAN AS REQUIRED BY 163.3177, FLORIDA STATUTES; PROVIDING FOR THE ADOPTION OF AMENDMENTS TO THE CITY'S COMPREHENSIVE PLAN TO IMPLEMENT THE UPDATED WATER SUPPLY FACILITIES WORK PLAN; PROVIDING FOR ADOPTION OF UPDATED POLICIES WITHIN THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN INFRASTRUCTURE ELEMENT; PROVIDING FOR TRANSMITTAL TO THE STATE LAND PLANNING AGENCY, DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY; PROVIDING THE REPEAL OF LAWS IN CONFLICT; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, the State Legislature of the State of Florida has mandated that all municipalities adopt comprehensive plans to regulate development and planning with regard to land within their corporate limits; and

WHEREAS, all amendments to the comprehensive development plan must be adopted in accordance with detailed procedures which must be strictly followed; and

WHEREAS, Subsection 163.3167(9), Florida Statutes, requires each local government to address in its Comprehensive Plan, the water supply sources necessary to meet and achieve the existing and projected water use demand for an established planning period; and

WHEREAS, Subsection 163.3177(4)(a), Florida Statutes, requires the City to coordinate its local Comprehensive Plan with the South Florida Water Management District's regional water supply plan; and

WHEREAS, Subsection 163.3177(6)(c), Florida Statutes, requires local governments to prepare and adopt a 10-Year Water Supply Work Plan and to amend their comprehensive plans within 18 months after the water management district approves a regional water supply plan or its update; and

WHEREAS, the South Florida Water Management District approved its Lower East Coast Water Supply Plan Update on November 8, 2018; and

WHEREAS, the City of Westlake has worked in conjunction with Palm Beach County who is the designated regional supplier of potable water for portions of Palm Beach County, including the City of Westlake and worked in conjunction with Palm Beach County so as to remain consistent with the Palm Beach County Plan; and

WHEREAS, the City of Westlake, Florida, has carefully prepared amendments to its comprehensive plan pursuant to sub-section 163.3177(6)(c), Florida Statutes, in order to adopt amendments or revisions in conformance with the adopted Work Plan; and

WHEREAS, the City of Westlake has held all duly required public hearings; both prior to submission of the proposed amendment of the plan to the State Land Planning Agency, Department of Economic Opportunity and after the proposed amendment of the plan was returned to the City of Westlake, in accordance with Chapter 163.3184, Florida Statutes; and

WHEREAS, the City Commission desires to adopt the updated Work Plan along with amendments to the current comprehensive plan to guide and control the future development of the City and to preserve, promote and protect the public health, safety and welfare.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF WESTLAKE, FLORIDA, THAT:

Section 1: The whereas clauses are hereby incorporated as true and correct findings of fact of the City Commission.

Section 2: The City of Westlake hereby adopts by reference, the updated 10-Year Water Supply Work Plan which is attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit "A". The City of Westlake's Comprehensive Plan is hereby amended by adopting water supply related amendments to its current Comprehensive Plan; which amendments are set forth in Exhibit "B" and made a part hereof. These amendments specifically amend by adding Objectives and Policies to its Infrastructure Element of the Comprehensive Plan.

Section 3: A copy of the Comprehensive Plan, as amended, shall be kept on file in the office of the City Clerk, City of Westlake, Florida.

Section 4: The Community Development Department is hereby directed to transmit three copies of the amendments hereby adopted to the State Land Planning Agency, Department of Economic Opportunity; the Treasure Coast Regional Planning Council, and to any other unit of local government who has filed a written request for a copy, within 10 working days after adoption, in accordance with Section 163.3184(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Section 5: Repeal of Laws in Conflict. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Section 6: Severability. Should any section or provision of this Ordinance or any portion thereof, any paragraph, sentence or word be declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remainder of this Ordinance.

Section 7: Effective Date. The effective date of this ordinance amending the City's Comprehensive Plan shall be 31 days after the State Land Planning Agency notifies the City that the plan amendment package is complete. No development orders dependent on this

amendment may be issued or commence before the effective date of this ordinance. If a final order of noncompliance is issued by the Administration Commission, this amendment may nevertheless become effective by the City Commission's adoption of a resolution affirming its effective status, a copy of which resolution shall be sent to the State Land Planning Agency, Department of Economic Opportunity. If timely challenged, this amendment shall not become effective until the State Land Planning Agency or the Administration Commission enters a final order determining the adopted amendment to be in compliance.

PASSED this 9th day of March, 2020, on first reading.

PUBLISHED on this ____ day of February, 2020 in the Palm Beach Post.

PASSED AND ADOPTED this 13th day of April, 2020 on second reading.

City of Westlake
Roger Manning, Mayor

Zoie Burgess, City Clerk

Approved as to form and Sufficiency

Pam E. Booker, City Attorney

Exhibit 'A'



10-YEAR WATER SUPPLY FACILITIES WORK PLAN

Prepared by



and



Transmittal Document 3-9-2020

Adoption May 2020

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The purpose of the City of Westlake’s Water Supply Facilities Work Plan (Work Plan) is to identify and plan for the water supply sources and facilities needed to serve existing and new development within the City’s jurisdiction. Chapter 163, Part II, Florida Statutes (F.S.), requires local governments to prepare and adopt Work Plans into their comprehensive plans within 18 months after the South Florida Water Management District (District) approves a regional water supply plan or its update. *The 2018 Lower East Coast Water Supply Plan Update* was approved by the District’s Governing Board November 8, 2018 and covers a planning horizon from 2016-2040.

Residents of the City of Westlake obtain their water from the Seminole Improvement District (SID), which is responsible for ensuring enough capacity is available for existing and future customers. Water is supplied by Palm Beach County Water Utility Department (PBCWUD).

The Work Plan references the initiatives already identified to ensure adequate water supply for the City of Westlake. According to state guidelines, the Work Plan and the City of Westlake’s Comprehensive Plan address the development of traditional and alternative water supplies, service delivery and conservation and reuse programs necessary to serve existing and new development for at least a 10-year planning period. The Work Plan covers a 10-year planning horizon to 2030 and is consistent with the City’s Comprehensive Plan (2023 and 2038) and the *2018 Lower East Coast Water Supply Plan Update (2040)* planning horizons.

The Work Plan is divided into six sections:

Section 1 – Introduction

Section 2 – Background Information

Section 3 – Data and Analysis

Section 4 – Work Plan Projects/Capital Improvement Element/Schedule

Section 5 – Goals, Objectives, and Policies

Section 6 – Maps

1.1 Statutory History

The Florida Legislature enacted bills in the 2002, 2004, 2005, 2011, 2012, 2015, and 2016 sessions to address the state’s water supply needs. These bills, in particular Senate Bills 360 and 444 (2005 legislative session), significantly changed Chapters 163 and 373, F.S. by strengthening the statutory links between the regional water supply plans prepared by the water management districts and the comprehensive plans prepared by local governments. In addition, these bills established the basis for improving coordination between local land use planning and water supply planning.

1.2 Statutory Requirements

The City of Westlake has considered the following statutory provisions when preparing this Water Supply Facilities Work Plan:

1. Coordinate appropriate aspects of the Comprehensive Plan with the applicable RWSP [Section 163.3177(4)(a), F.S.].
2. Ensure the Future Land Use Plan is based on availability of adequate water supplies and public facilities and services [Section 163.3177(6)(a), F.S.]. Data and analyses demonstrating that adequate water supplies and associated public facilities will be available to meet projected growth demands must accompany all proposed Future Land Use Plan and Plan amendments submitted for review.
3. In consultation with the water supplier, ensure adequate water supplies and potable water facilities are available to serve new development no later than the issuance by the local government of a certificate of occupancy or its functional equivalent [Section 163.3180(2), F.S.].
4. For local governments subject to an RWSP, revise the General Sanitary Sewer, Solid Waste, Drainage, Potable Water, and Natural Groundwater Aquifer Recharge element (the “Infrastructure element”) through a Comprehensive Plan amendment to:
 - a. Identify and incorporate the alternative water supply project(s) selected by the local government from projects identified in the applicable RWSP, or alternative project(s) proposed by the local government under Section 373.709(8)(b), F.S. [Section 163.3177(6)(c), F.S.];
 - b. Identify the traditional and alternative water supply projects and the conservation and reuse programs necessary to meet water needs identified in the applicable RWSP [Section 163.3177(6)(c)3., F.S.]; and
 - c. Update the Work Plan for at least a 10-year planning period for constructing the public, private, and regional water supply facilities identified in the element as necessary to serve existing and new development [Sections 163.3177(6)(c)3. and (5), F.S.].
5. Revise the Five-Year Schedule of Capital Improvements to include water supply, reuse, and conservation projects and programs to be implemented during the 5-year period [Section 163.3177(3)(a)4., F.S.].
6. To the extent necessary to maintain internal consistency after making changes described in Paragraph 1 through 5 above, revise the Conservation element to assess projected water needs and sources for at least a 10-year planning period, considering the applicable RWSP and water use permit(s) [Section 163.3177(6)(d), F.S.]. The comprehensive plan must address the water supply sources necessary to meet the existing and projected water use demand for the

established planning period, considering the applicable RWSP [Section 163.3167(9), F.S.].

7. To the extent necessary to maintain internal consistency after making changes described in Paragraphs 1 through 5 above, revise the Intergovernmental Coordination element to ensure consistency between the Comprehensive Plan and the applicable RWSP [Section 163.3177(6)(h)1., F.S.].
8. Local governments are required to comprehensively evaluate and update the Comprehensive Plan to reflect changes in local conditions every seven years. The evaluation could address the local government's need to update their Work Plan, including the development of alternative water supplies, and determine whether the identified alternative water supply projects, traditional water supply projects, and conservation and reuse programs are meeting local water use demands [Section 163.3191(3), F.S.].
9. Local governments may be exempt from updating their Work Plan if they meet certain criteria. A local government that does not own, operate, or maintain its own water supply facilities and is served by a public water supply entity with a permitted allocation of 300 million gallons per day or greater is not required to amend its Comprehensive Plan when an RWSP is updated if the local government uses less than 1 percent of the public water supply entity's total permitted allocation. However, the local government must cooperate with the public water supply entity that provides service within its jurisdiction and must keep the Sanitary Sewer, Solid Waste, Drainage, Potable Water, and Natural Groundwater Aquifer Recharge element up to date, pursuant to Section 163.3191, F.S. A local government should contact the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO) to verify its qualifications for the exemption [Section 163.3177(6)(c)4., F.S.].
10. Local governments with a Sector Plan adopted in accordance with Section 163.3245, F.S., should incorporate information from the adopted Sector Plan, Master Plan, and Detailed Specific Area Plan into the Work Plan. The focus should be on water needs, water supply and resource development, conservation measures, and intergovernmental coordination activities with the SFWMD and water supply development projects needed to address projected development in the Sector Plan area [Section 163.3245, F.S.].

1.3 Relevant Regional Issues

As the State agency responsible for water supply in the Upper and Lower East Coast planning areas, the SFWMD plays a pivotal role in resource protection, through criteria used for Consumptive Use Permitting. As pressure increased on the Everglades ecosystem resource, the SFWMD Governing Board initiated rulemaking to limit increased allocations dependent on the Everglades system. As a result, the Regional Water Availability Rule was adopted by the Governing Board on February 15, 2007 as part of the SFWMD's water use permit program. This reduced reliance on the regional system for

future water supply needs, mandates the development of alternative water supplies, and increased water conservation and reuse.

The following are the regional issues identified for 2040 in the Lower East Coast Planning Region with potential impacts to water supply planning in Palm Beach County and includes Palm Beach County Water Utility Department responses:

1. Fresh surface water and groundwater are limited; further withdrawals could have impacts on the regional system, wetlands, existing legal uses, and saltwater intrusion. As a result, additional alternative water supplies need to be developed.
 - o Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department (PBCWUD) has a valid consumptive use permit (50-00135-W) through March 2023. The County has already embarked on a schedule to renew and modify this permit to meet future water supply demands over the planning period. Palm Beach County has an extensive reclaimed water system and will continue to aggressively expand its reclaimed water program. Reclaimed water may be used to replace existing consumptive use permits or act as an offset to increased consumptive use withdrawals. Additional identified sources include the Floridan aquifer system for either direct withdrawals, blending, or aquifer storage and recovery (ASR) and the C-51 Reservoir (Chapter 9).
2. Surface water allocations from Lake Okeechobee and the Water Conservation Areas are limited in accordance with the Lake Okeechobee Service Area RAA criteria.
 - o PBCWUD is not located within the Lake Okeechobee Service Area. It does not currently withdraw water from Lake Okeechobee or the Water Conservation Areas and is not planning on seeking an allocation from these sources in the future.
3. Construction of additional storage systems (e.g., reservoirs, aquifer storage and recovery systems) to capture wet season flow volumes will be necessary to increase water availability during dry conditions and attenuate damaging peak flow events from Lake Okeechobee.
 - o PBCWUD is not located within the Lake Okeechobee Service Area. The County is an active participant in Everglades restoration efforts as well the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' Lake Okeechobee System Operating Manual (LOSOM) update. As discussed in Chapter 9, ASR is a potential option for future water supply.
4. Expanded use of reclaimed water is necessary to meet future water supply demands and the Ocean Outfall Law.
 - o As discussed in Chapter 8 of their Water Supply Plan, PBCWUD has an extensive reclaimed water program and has aggressively sought to expand it. A

planned Regional Reclaimed Water System Project with Broward County will help Broward eliminate ocean outfalls and provide reclaimed water to users in South Palm Beach County. PBCWUD has no ocean outfalls.

5. Expanded use of brackish groundwater from the Floridan aquifer system requires careful planning and wellfield management to prevent undesirable changes in water quality.
 - o PBCWUD has modified its current consumptive use permit to utilize the Floridan aquifer system for blending with its surficial withdrawals and supplement its allocation.

Additionally, the City, in coordination with the SID, will work to conserve water consumption by implementing Comprehensive Plan policies detailed later in this Plan, which support conservation of potable water and implementation of reuse water.

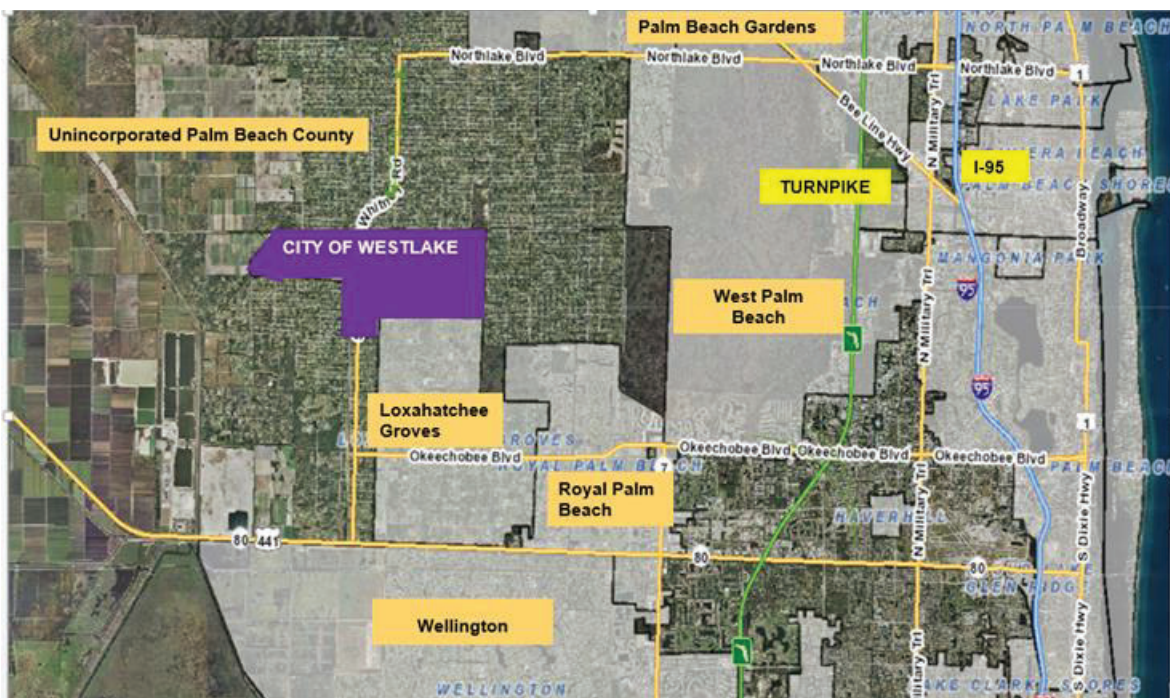
2.0 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Included in this section is a brief overview of the City of Westlake, including information on land use and population.

2.1 Overview

The City of Westlake is located in Central Western Palm Beach County and was incorporated in 2016 pursuant to Section 165.0615, Florida Statutes.

Figure 2.1 City of Westlake Location Map



The City boundaries are coextensive with the jurisdiction of the Seminole Improvement District (SID), which was established in 1970 pursuant to Chapter 70-854, Laws of Florida, codified pursuant to Chapter 2000-431, Laws of Florida.

SID is an independent special purpose government formerly known as the Seminole Water Control District, which consists of approximately 4,142 acres of land.

SID is empowered to construct and maintain a number of public works and utilities including water, sewer, drainage, irrigation, water management, parks, recreation facilities, roads and/or related activities. The majority of the property located within the SID boundary is comprised of the former Callery-Judge Groves property (CJG), which includes roughly 3,788 acres used for active agriculture for over 50 years. The boundary also includes a utility site and a packing plant. The boundary also includes a separate agricultural area known as Silverlake, a utility site and a packing plant. In addition, three school sites and a small shopping center site lie within the SID boundary.

2.2 Current and Future Service Area

See attached Map 4.1, Utility Service Area Map, depicting current and future City boundaries served by SID.

Seminole Improvement District (City of Westlake): In June 2006 an Interlocal Agreement was executed between the County and SID (R2006-0732). The Agreement resolved the service area disputes by defining clear utility service area boundaries between SID and the County. Pursuant to Chapter 298, Laws of Florida, SID has the exclusive right to provide utility services within SID's legislative boundaries. Under the Agreement, SID will continue serving all of its existing customers but will be precluded from connecting any new customers outside of its legislative boundaries. Existing pipelines and customers located outside SID's boundaries will be transferred to the County over time. In addition to delineating service area territories, the Agreement named the County as SID's exclusive bulk utility service provider. The Agreement allows SID to reserve and purchase up to five (5) million gallons per day of bulk water and wastewater capacity over thirty (30) years. Other considerations afforded the County with this Agreement include: 1) the right of first refusal to acquire SID's retail Utility System, based upon a pre-determined valuation formula; and 2) the right to utilize existing road right-of-way along Seminole Pratt-Whitney Road for construction, operation, maintenance, and replacement of potable water, waste water, and reclaimed water pipelines. In May 2016, Seminole Improvement District abandoned their water treatment facilities and has continued to purchase bulk water from Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department.

3.0 DATA AND ANALYSIS

The intent of the data and analysis section of the Work Plan is to describe information the City needs shall provide to state planning and regulatory agencies as part of future proposed comprehensive plan amendments, particularly those changing the Future Land Use Map (FLUM) to increase density and intensity.

3.1 Population Information

This section excerpts the population information population projections from the Future Land Use Element data and analysis supporting the City's comprehensive plan and the Seminole Improvement District. Additionally, updated population projections utilized by Palm Beach County in their Water Supply Facilities Plan update for the 10-year planning horizon are provided as well as population figures from the SFWMD 2018 LEC Water Supply Facilities Plan Update.

Population Projections Utilized for the City's Comprehensive Plan

Chapter 163.3177(1)(f)3, F.S., requires local government comprehensive plans to be based upon permanent and seasonal population estimates and projections, which shall either be those published by the Office of Economic and Demographic Research (OEDR) or generated by the local government based upon a professionally acceptable methodology. The OEDR issues the projections generated by the Bureau of Economic and Business Research (BEBR.) BEBR makes permanent population projections for counties, but not for municipalities or unincorporated areas. Neither OEDR nor BEBR make seasonal population projections.

Palm Beach County uses the BEBR medium permanent population projection to compute a projection for the unincorporated county. The total county BEBR projection is geographically divided and allocated to small geographic areas called Traffic Analysis Zones (TAZs). There are over 1,700 TAZs in Palm Beach County. The TAZs in each municipality and in the unincorporated area are then combined to make projections for each municipality and the unincorporated area. The allocation of population to each TAZ is based upon projections of dwelling units in each TAZ as well as other demographic factors such as vacancy and seasonal rates. The latest population projection and allocation for Palm Beach County was conducted in 2015 prior to the incorporation of the City (2015 Palm Beach County Population Allocation Model (2015-PBC-PAM).)

Palm Beach County's population grew from 1,131,184 in 2000 to 1,320,134 in 2010 (U.S. Census 2000 DP-1 and 2010 DP-1). The population change during this decade was very uneven, reflecting both population booms and busts due to both local and national economic conditions. BEBR's latest population estimate for 2017 is 1,414,246, representing an increase of 94,010 persons since 2010 which included an estimated increase of about 22,400 persons from 2016 to 2017. The county's population has grown each year since 2010. The County is projected to increase its population by 345,856 persons between 2017 and 2040, a 24.5% increase (BEBR FPS 180). Table 2.1 shows the latest BEBR projections through 2040 as well as the projections used in the 2015-PBC-PAM. The latest BEBR medium projections published in 2018 for the year 2035 is 25,000 persons higher than the previous BEBR medium projections relied upon by Palm Beach County in the 2015-PBC-PAM. The 2018 BEBR medium population projection is higher for every five-year increment from 2020 to 2045 than the previous year's BEBR projection. This substantially higher medium projection increases the projected demand for housing units in Palm Beach County over the course of the Westlake long term planning period.

Table 3.1: Palm Beach County Population Projections

	2010 Census	2017	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040
BEBR FPS-180	1,320,134	1,414,144	1,473,000	1,559,600	1,636,400	1,703,700	1,760,000
2015-PBC-PAM Projections			1,463,900	1,543,200	1,615,100	1,678,700	Not Available

Source: University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Business Research, Population Projections (FPS 177), U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Decennial Census, DP-1, 2015-PBC-PAM

The TAZs associated with the City and the surrounding areas are shown in Figure 3.1. The 2015-PBC-PAM allocated 4,546 dwelling units associated with the Minto West plan amendment to four TAZs (#1593, #864, #1058, and #1079) for year 2030. As these dwelling units were associated with a specific development approval, no dwelling units were allocated to those portions of the City that are outside of the Minto West development area. The areas within the City that received no allocation of dwelling units include the 119-acre Silverlake property, the 10-acre Grove Marketplace, and the 27-acre packing plant parcel. The Plan allows residential development to occur in each of these areas. The larger geographic area where residential development may now occur, the longer extended planning timeframe to 2038 instead of 2030, and the increased 2018 BEBR medium county population projections, which shows 25,000 more persons than assumed in the 2015-PBC-PAM, supports additional development opportunities for dwelling units and associated population. Therefore, the City projects 6,500 units by the year 2038, which corresponds to the long-term planning period. This reflects a generally steady growth rate and considers growth trends in nearby cities. The densities established in the Future Land Use Element will accommodate the increase in dwelling units.

The 6,500 dwelling units are converted to permanent household population as follows. First, the total number of housing units is converted to an estimate of occupied housing units by subtracting units anticipated to be vacant or used for seasonal residents. Second, occupied housing units are converted to household population by applying an average population per household rate (PPH). PPH, vacancy rates, and seasonal housing rates are based upon the surrounding Census County Divisions (CCDs) which have population characteristics expected to be more comparable to the City than the county as a whole. Figure 3.2 shows the boundaries of the CCDs. These CCDs are located in the central portion of Palm Beach County between the eastern coastal communities and the western areas. Specifically, the City PPH, vacancy rate and seasonal rate are averages derived from the Royal Palm Beach-West Jupiter, Western Community, and Sunshine Parkway CCDs from the 2010 US Census. The vacancy rate used for the City is 7.45 percent. The seasonal rate is 5.85 percent. The PPH is 2.65. These rates are kept constant for the planning periods.

Figure 3.1: Traffic Analysis Zones Map

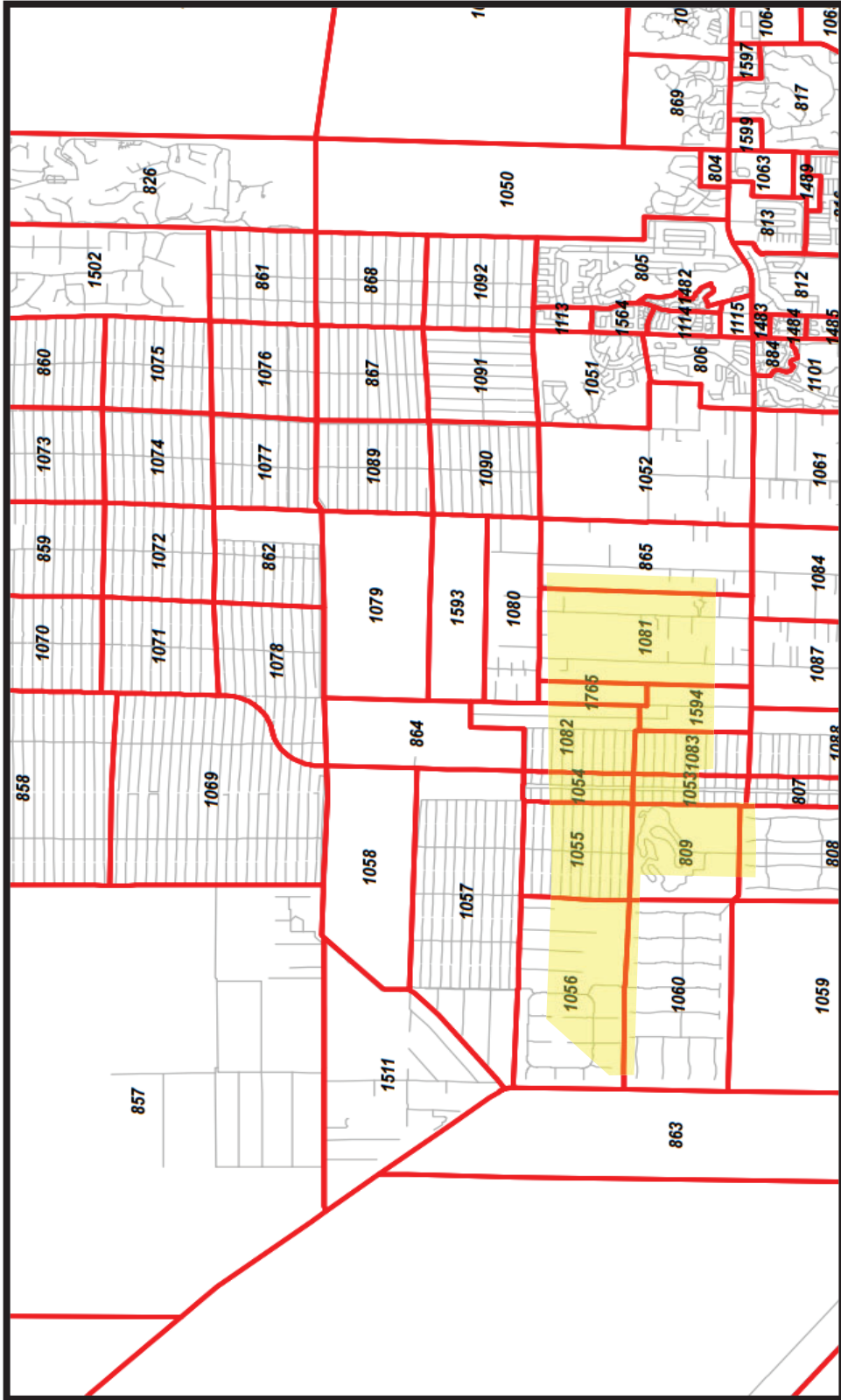
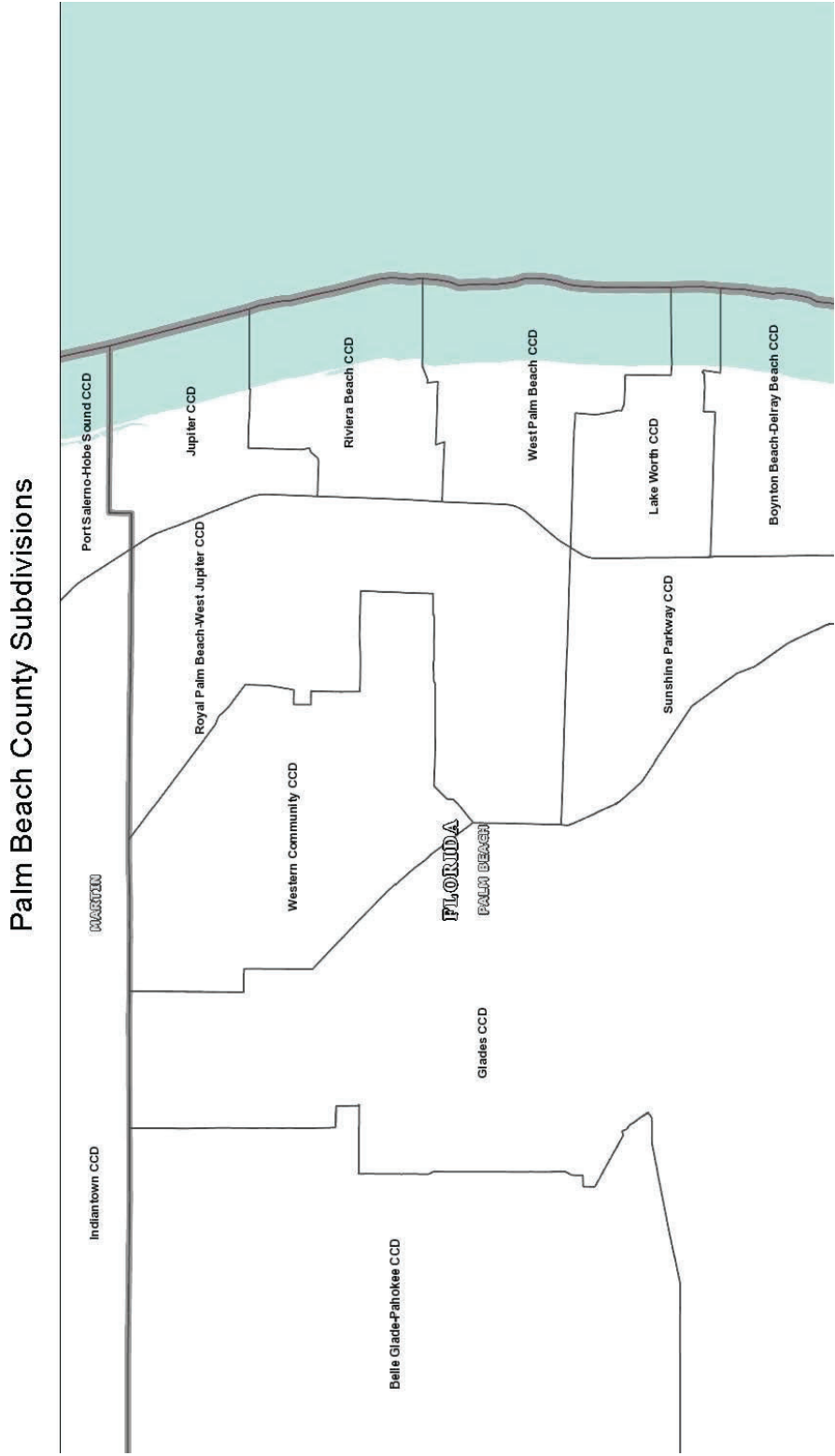


Figure 3.2: 2010 Census County Divisions (CCDs)



In addition to the permanent household population, some persons may live in group quarters (e.g. nursing homes.) The percent of permanent population expected to live in group quarters is zero in year 2023. However, a group quarters population is projected for 2038 by using the average group quarters rate from the same surrounding CCDs. The average group quarters rate is 0.642% which equates to 96 persons in 2038.

The permanent population estimate for 2018 and projections for years 2023 and 2038 are provided in Table 3.2A based on the anticipated development of housing units and assumptions for group quarters populations.

Table 3.2A: City Permanent Population Projections

Year	Total Housing Units	Permanent Population	Group Quarters Population	Population
2018	150	298	0	298
2023	1,575	3,619	0	3,619
2038	6,500	14,934	96	15,030

The seasonal population projection for 2023 and 2038 is based on the seasonal housing rate of 5.85% of projected housing units as well as the plan for a 150-room hotel. An estimate of 2 persons per seasonal house or hotel room is assumed. The seasonal projection is shown in Table 3.2B below.

Table 3.2B: City Seasonal Population Projections

Year	Housing Population	Hotel Population	Total Seasonal
2018	0	0	0
2023	184	300	484
2038	761	300	1,061

The total population projection for 2023 and 2038, consisting of both permanent and seasonal residents is shown in Table 3.2C.

Table 3.2C: City Total Population Projection

Year	Permanent Population	Seasonal Population	Total Population
2018	298	0	298
2023	3,619	484	4,103
2038	15,030	1061	16,091

Population Projections Utilized for the PBC 10-Year Water Supply Facilities Work Plan

The following provides the 10-year population forecast for the City of Westlake as outlined in yellow below per Table 5.2 – Population Forecast for PBCWUD prepared by Palm Beach County Water Utility Department (PBCWUD) and Planning Division of the Planning, Zoning and Building Department (PBCPZ&B).

Table 3.3: PBC WUD Population Forecast

PBC WUD Served Population	2018	2020	2025	2030
Unincorporated County	433,391	441,961	464,807	487,675
Atlantis	2,055	2,104	2,138	2,168
Belle Glade	17,654	17,983	18,477	19,172
Boca Raton	170	226	372	530
Cloud Lake	128	133	139	152
Glen Ridge	213	217	228	239
Greenacres	39,550	40,148	41,116	42,306
Haverhill	2,116	2,232	2,394	2,530
Lake Clarke Shores	340	352	355	361
Loxahatchee Groves	91	235	774	1,333
Pahokee	5,805	5,927	6,218	6,433
Palm Beach Gardens	1,356	1,421	3,296	5,283
Palm Springs	1,309	1,364	1,772	2,939
Royal Palm Beach	33,897	34,372	34,784	36,390
South Bay	5,197	5,251	5,415	5,703
Wellington	9,362	9,461	9,575	9,698
Westlake	372	1,906	5,476	9,678
West Palm Beach	517	527	834	892
Total Population Served by PBC WUD	553,523	565,820	598,170	633,482
The following values represent the population throughout unincorporated Palm Beach County that is self-served via wells. All have the potential to request utility service from PBC WUD at any given time. For conservative facility planning purposes, plants are sized to be able to serve all the self-served population in addition to the population projected throughout the utility service area.				
Self Served Population	2018	2020	2025	2030
Loxahatchee Groves	3,202	3,180	2,980	2,780
Unincorporated PBC/Glades	42,437	42,143	41,811	41,344
Total Self-Served Population	45,639	45,323	44,791	44,124

Source: PBC WUD'S Water Supply Facilities Plan Update Table 5.2

As indicated above in Table 3.3 and compared with the LEC figures in Table 3.4, the population projections utilized in the PBC Water Supply Facilities Work Plan are aligned with and acceptable as representative of Westlake's projected population.

Population Projections Utilized in the 2018 LEC Water Supply Plan Update

Population projections in Table 3.4 for Total Population Served by PBCWUD are slightly higher (632,482) than the Population projections utilized in the Lower East Coast Regional Water Supply Plan update (613,513) per the Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department Utility Summary Table (See below), Appendix E Public Water Supply Utilities Summaries, page E-18. Palm Beach County indicates there is adequate capacity to maintain the adopted level of service standard for potable water supply for these population projections.

**Table 3.4: 2018 LEC Plan Update
Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department Utility Summary
(Appendix E Public Water Supply Utilities Summaries, page E-18)**

Population and Finished Water Demand							
				Existing	Projected		
				2016	2020	2030	2040
Population				498,848	534,857	613,513	677,834
Average 2012-2016 Per Capita (gallons per day finished water)				111			
Potable Water Demands (daily average annual finished water in mgd)				55.37	59.37	68.10	75.24
SFWMD Water Use Permitted Allocation (mgd)							
Potable Water Source				Permit Number 50-00135-W (expires 2023)			
SAS				79.99			
FAS (ASR wells for blending with SAS)				7.00			
Bulk Raw Water (finished water sale to multiple municipalities in 2016)				(2.61) ^a			
Total Allocation				86.99			
FDEP Potable Water Treatment Capacity (PWS ID # 4504393)							
Permitted Capacity by Source				Cumulative Facility & Project Capacity (mgd)			
				Existing	Projected		
				2016	2020	2030	2040
SAS				103.28	103.28	103.28	103.28
FAS				0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total Potable Capacity				103.28	103.28	103.28	103.28
Nonpotable Alternative Water Source Capacity (mgd)							
Reclaimed Water				25.00 ^b	25.00 ^b	35.50 ^b	35.50 ^b
Total Nonpotable Capacity				25.00	25.00	35.50	35.50
Project Summary							
Water Supply Projects	Source	Completion Date	Total Capital Cost (\$ million)	Projected Cumulative Design Capacity (mgd)			
				2020	2030	2040	
Potable Water							
No Projects							
Total Potable Water				\$0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Nonpotable Water							
South County Reclaimed Phase I ^c	Reclaimed Water	2021	\$22.00	0.00	10.50	10.50	
Total Nonpotable Water				\$22.00	0.00	10.50	10.50
Total New Water				\$22.00	0.00	10.50	10.50

^a The amount of raw water needed to produce 2.36 mgd of finished water, which is the amount of bulk water the PBCWUD provided to municipalities in 2016.

^b The PBCWUD is contracted to provide FPL with up to 22.00 mgd of reclaimed water for cooling purposes at the West County Energy Center. FPL currently uses approximately 14.00 mgd of that amount. This is in addition to the reclaimed capacity listed (25.00 mgd).

^c The PBCWUD is contracted to receive up to 10.50 mgd of reclaimed water from BCWWS.

3.2 Potable Water Level of Service Standard Population and Potable Water Demand Projections

SID is the retail provider of potable water within the City. The relationship between the City and SID for provision of those services and facilities is detailed in the Interlocal Agreement between the City of Westlake and the Seminole Improvement District Regarding the Provision of Certain Services, Infrastructure, and Public Facilities in the City of Westlake and for Assurance of Non-Duplication of Services dated March 2018 (“SID-Westlake Interlocal”). There is an Interlocal Agreement between SID and Palm Beach County, dated April 18, 2006, which provides that SID can purchase bulk water

from the County at a rate of up to 5.0 MGD for the next thirty (30) years with provisions to extend the agreement for 50 or more years. SID and Palm Beach County have invested in significant infrastructure in the City's area to provide potable water service. The development of the City will not require additional capacity to provide potable water to the City; rather it utilizes existing excess capacity from existing infrastructure. SID maintains water distribution facilities for service within the City and will expand internal potable water distribution lines concurrent with development within the City.

The City's level of service standard for potable water is 110 gallons per capita per day (gpd) for residential uses and 150 gallons per 1,000 sq. ft. per day for non-residential uses with the following exceptions. Schools have a level of service standard of 18 gpd per student. Hotels have a level of service standard of 100 gpd per room. Parks have a level of service standard of 10 gpd per visitor. The per-capita level of service standard will be applied to dwelling units using a 2.65 average population per household (PPH) unless it can be demonstrated that a different PPH is applicable. The City will continue to coordinate with SID to monitor and evaluate future operating demands as the City increases utility users and to adjust the level of service standard if needed through the planning periods.

Table 3.5 below provides an analysis of potable water demand over the 2023 and 2038 planning periods. The first section identifies the level of service standards used for the planning analysis. The second section identifies existing and projected population and uses that require potable water. Existing non-residential square footages include the Grove Market commercial area and the packing house parcel which includes industrial and office uses. Square footage numbers are from the Palm Beach County property appraiser parcel database. Existing student numbers are based on school capacity numbers from the Palm Beach County School District 2016/17 Work Plan and anticipated students from a potential new school. New development square footage, hotel rooms, and college students are based on the existing development within the City. Projections of recreation and park day time visitors are based on averages derived from the National Recreation and Park Association 2016 study of park usage entitled "NRPA Americans' Engagement with Parks Survey." The third section computes the current and projected demand for the 2023 and 2038 planning periods.

The anticipated facilities needed for the 2023 and 2038 planning periods are identified in Table 4.2 and are also depicted on attached INF. Map 4.2 and INF. Map 4.3.

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Table 3.5: Potable Water Analysis

Potable Water Level of Service			
	Gallons Per Day		
Per Person	110		
Per square foot for Commercial, Civic, and Industrial	0.15		
Per Student	18		
Per Hotel Room	100		
Per visitor of park and recreation facilities	10		
Demand Generators			
	2018	2023	2038
Population (excluding hotel population)	298	3,803	15,791
Existing Commercial, Civic, and Industrial S.F.	180,581	180,581	180,581
New Commercial, Civic, and Industrial S.F.	75,000	650,000	2,200,000
Total Commercial, Civic, and Industrial S.F.	255,581	830,581	2,380,581
K-12 Students	4,463	4,463	5,433
College Students	0	0	3,000
Total Students	4,463	4,463	8,433
Hotel Rooms	0	150	150
Recreation and Park Daytime Visitors	0	650	2,600
Demand Projections			
	2018	2023	2038
Population (excluding hotel population)	32,780	418,330	1,737,010
Total Commercial, Civic, and Industrial	38,337	124,587	357,087
Total Students	80,334	80,334	151,794
Hotel Rooms	0	15,000	15,000
Recreation and Park Day Time Visitors	0	6,500	26,000
Total Demand (Gallons Per Day)	151,451	644,751	2,286,891

In accordance with the 2006 Service Agreement between SID and County, the Agreement allows SID to reserve and purchase up to five (5) million gallons per day of bulk water and wastewater capacity over thirty (30) years. This amount is adequate to meet the projected demands over the 10-year Water Supply Plan planning horizon.

3.3 Water Supply Provided by Local Government

The City does not own or maintain any water supply facilities. SID purchases potable and reuse water from Palm Beach County, and will distribute that potable and reuse water as the exclusive retail provider of potable and reuse water within the City.

In accordance with the 2006 Service Agreement between SID and County, the Agreement allows SID to reserve and purchase up to five (5) million gallons per day of bulk water and wastewater capacity over thirty (30) years. This amount is adequate to meet the projected demands.

3.4 Conservation

Neither the County nor the *2018 Lower East Coast Water Supply Plan Update* identify specific programs within the City. However, as detailed below, the City includes conservation measures in its comprehensive plan and land development regulations to support the goals and address the issues identified in the LECWSP.

3.4.1 Local Government Specific Actions, Programs, Regulations, or Opportunities

The City's Comprehensive Plan includes a number of policies, as detailed later in the Plan, that encourage conservation measures and the use of reuse water within the City. The City shall implement these policies through its Land Development Regulations and other programs in coordination with SID.

Restrictions in Permitted Water Use

- The City shall implement the Mandatory Year-Round Irrigation Conservation Measures as detailed in 40E-24 Florida Administrative Code.
- The City's Code of Ordinances shall include requirements for restrictions on water use during times an "emergency situation" is declared by SFWMD or when the City Commission determines a reduction in water consumption is necessary to alleviate a local water shortage within the City's water system. Water restrictions may include reduction of hours and days allowed for irrigation, washing of vehicles, washing of outdoor surfaces, operation of ornamental fountains, operation of air conditioning without a recirculation system, limitations on filling and use of swimming pools, limitations on escapement of water through defective plumbing, restrictions on hotels and restaurants as to the minimum amount of water necessary to conduct operations and other restrictions as necessary.

Use of Florida-Friendly Landscape Principles

- The City's Land Development Code provides for the use of Florida-friendly landscaping materials including the minimum percent of required pervious area that must follow the principles of Florida Friendly Landscape provisions as set forth in *the South Florida Water Management District's Xeriscape Plant Guide II*.

Requirement of Ultra-Low Volume Plumbing in New Construction

- The City has adopted the Florida Building Code (FBC) which contains plumbing flow restriction requirements. The County Code prohibits a City within its jurisdiction from enacting standards less stringent from the FBC. The City's Building and Inspection Services Division also includes in their procedures provisions for new construction to have water conservation control devices installed per the Florida Plumbing Code, as a condition for granting certificates of occupancy.

Water Conservation Based Rate Structure

- SID has a conservation-based water rate structure, which includes an increasing rate with increasing use, as a means of reducing demand.

Meter Replacement Program

- Unaccounted for water summaries shall be submitted to the District annually, within one year of adoption of this Work Plan.

Rain Sensor Overrides for New Lawn Sprinkler System

- The City shall adopt the FBC, which requires the installation of rain sensors on new irrigation systems. Additionally, the City shall include provisions regarding rain sensors on automatic lawn sprinkler systems in its Land Development Code.

Public Information Program

- The City shall coordinate with SID to develop a program to provide water conservation information and practices to the City's residents and SID customers through the City and SID webpages and an annual Water Quality Report.
- The City will coordinate future water conservation efforts with SID and the SFWMD. In addition, City will continue to support and expand existing goals, objectives and policies in the comprehensive plan promoting water conservation in a cost-effective and environmentally sensitive manner. City will continue to actively support the SFWMD and its water supplier(s) in the implementation of new regulations or programs designed to conserve water during the dry season.

3.5 Reuse

State law supports reuse efforts. Florida's utilities, local governments, and water management districts have led the nation in the quantity of reclaimed water reused and public acceptance of reuse programs. Section 373.250(1) F.S. provides "the encouragement and promotion of water conservation and reuse of reclaimed water, as defined by the department, are state objectives and considered to be in the public interest." In addition, Section 403.064(1), F.S., states "reuse is a critical component of meeting the state's existing and future water supply needs while sustaining natural systems."

3.5.1 Local Government Specific Actions, Programs, Regulations, or Opportunities

The City supports water reuse initiatives under consideration by both the SFWMD and Palm Beach County and the implementation of new regulations or programs designed to increase the volume of reclaimed water used and public acceptance of reclaimed water. The City's comprehensive plan encourages both conservation of water and use of alternative water supplies, such as reclaimed water for irrigation.

4.0 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

This section provides a brief description of the City's Capital Improvements Program and Policies for Water Supply.

4.1 Work Plan Projects

Based on the population projections and a capacity analysis for the short-term planning period there is adequate facility capacity to maintain the adopted level of service standard for potable water supply as provided through interlocal agreements between SID and Palm Beach County. SID plans on expanding distribution lines for potable water and beginning the interconnection process of water with the County's lines within the 2023 planning period. SID's planned improvements for potable water are listed in the Capital Improvement Schedule and are shown on attached INF Maps 4.2 and 4.3. Pursuant to the Westlake/SID Interlocal, these improvements have and will continue to be provided in order to ensure the achievement and maintenance of the adopted level of service standards for potable water and wastewater. SID is constructing facilities and otherwise facilitating these improvements using non-ad valorem assessments, developer contributions, and other sources of revenue.

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4.2 Capital Improvements Element/Schedule regarding Potable Water

City of Westlake Capital Improvements Schedule, Fiscal Years 2017-18 - 2022-23

5-Year Capital Improvements Schedule:										
Potable Water Component										
Project Description	Priority	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	Total Funding Amount	Funding Source*	
Town Center Parkway Phase 1A (TCP-E2)	High	\$135,781.00						\$135,781.00	Developer / Bonds	
Town Center Parkway Phase 2 (TCP-E3)	High	\$130,149.26						\$130,149.26	Developer / Bonds	
Town Center Parkway South (TCP-E1)	High	\$233,477.33						\$233,477.33	Developer / Bonds	
Ilex Way Phase 1 (CS-E1)	High		\$108,160.11					\$108,160.11	Developer / Bonds	
Kingfisher (CS-E5)	High			\$92,404.19				\$92,404.19	Developer / Bonds	
Waters Edge (CS-E4)	High			\$91,127.20				\$91,127.20	Developer / Bonds	
Persimmon Phase 2a (PSM-E1a)	High			\$236,926.37				\$236,926.37	Developer / Bonds	
Ilex Way Phase 2 (CS-E2)	High				\$162,009.25			\$162,009.25	Developer / Bonds	
Ilex Way Phase 3 (CS-P)	High				\$524,899.15			\$524,899.15	Developer / Bonds	
Persimmon West Phase 1A (CS-W2)	High				\$131,785.50			\$191,214.00	Developer / Bonds	
Road KK (NE1)	High				\$231,770.00			\$231,770.00	Developer / Bonds	
Town Center Parkway (E-4)	High				\$238,758.84			\$238,758.84	Developer / Bonds	
Persimmon Phase 2b (PSM-E1b)	High				\$100,113.85			\$100,113.85	Developer / Bonds	
Saddle Bay Drive	High					\$91,000.00		\$91,000.00	Developer / Bonds	
Persimmon West Phase 1B (CS-W2)	High					\$59,428.50		\$59,428.50	Developer / Bonds	
Town Center Parkway (E-5)	High						\$120,257.63	\$120,257.63	Developer / Bonds	
Persimmon Phase 3a (PSM-E3a)	High						\$138,465.83	\$138,465.83	Developer / Bonds	

5.0 GOALS, OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Comprehensive Plan Goals, Objectives, and Policies (GOPs) are included in the Elements to ensure implementation and future updates of the 10 Year Water Supply Facilities Work Plan as required by Section 163.3177 (6) (c), F.S. As GOPs are often amended outside of the cycle for Water Supply Facilities Work Plan amendments (i.e. Evaluation and Appraisal Report amendments every seven (7) years), the GOPs are contained in the Comprehensive Plan and are not part of the officially adopted Water Supply Plan. Associated Comprehensive Plan amendments to relevant GOPs will be adopted concurrently with the Work Plan update.

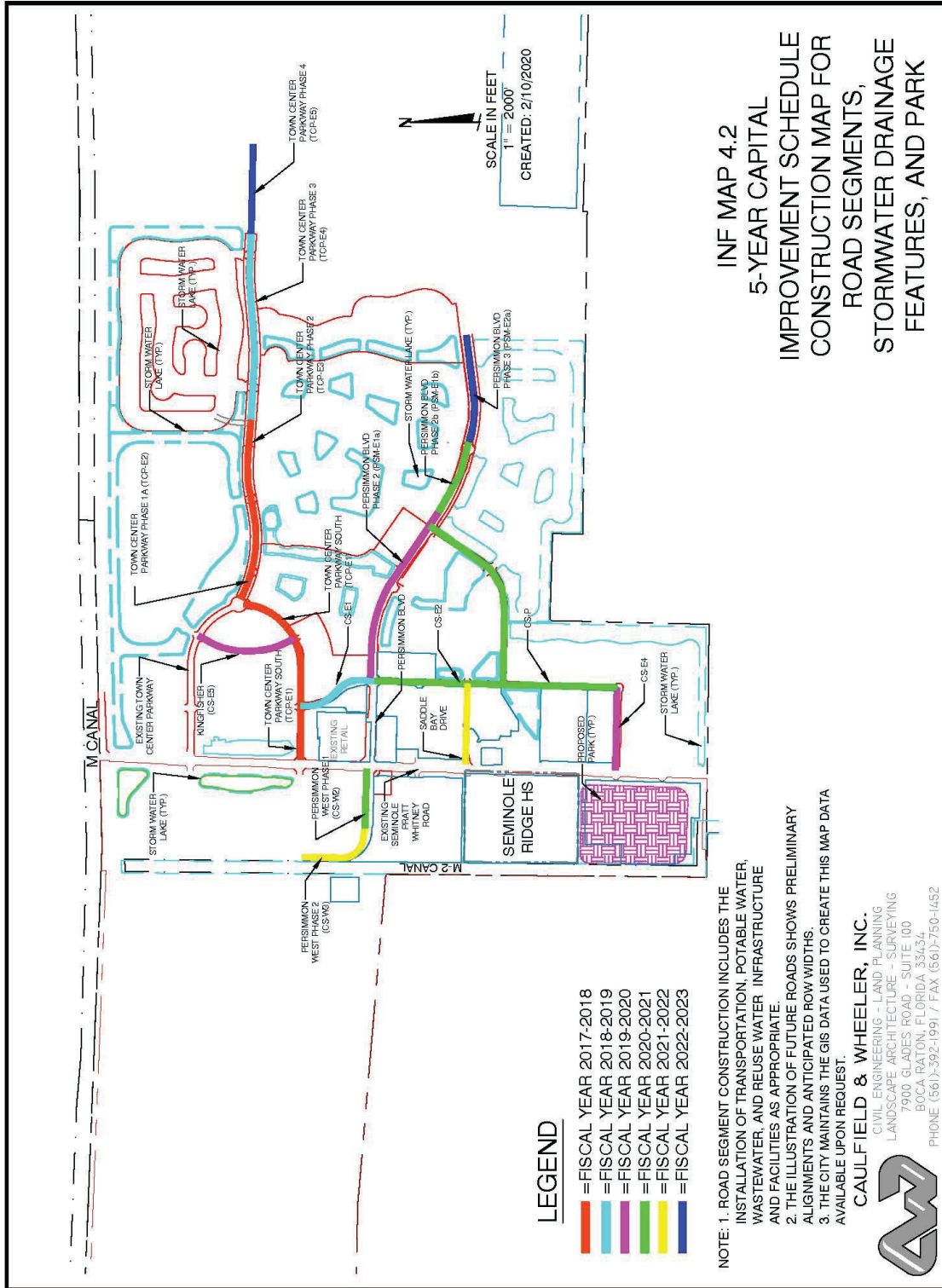
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6.0 MAPS

Map 4.1, Utility Service Area Map



INF Map 4.2 Capital Improvement Schedule



INF Map 4.3

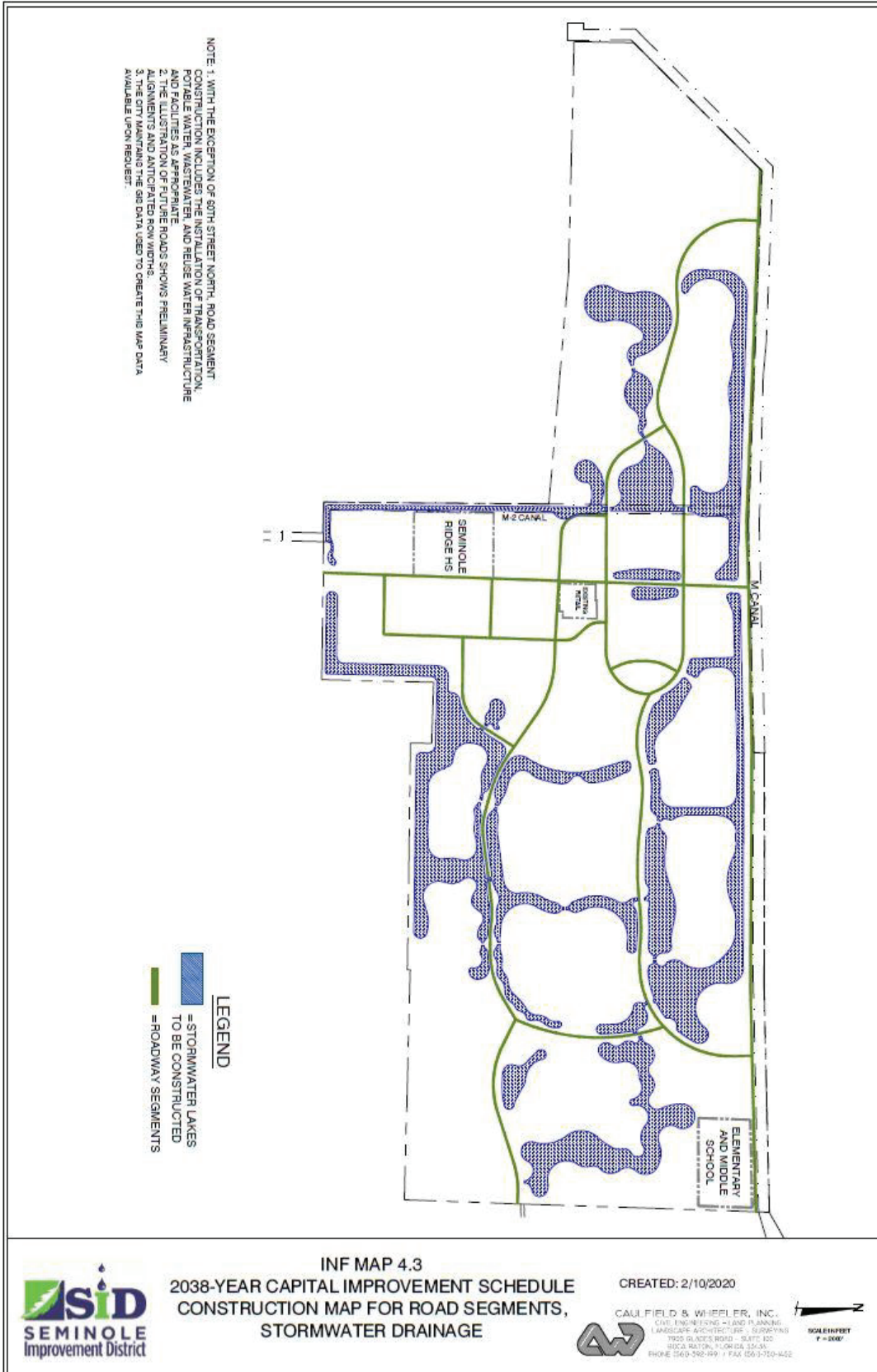


Exhibit 'B'

City of Westlake 10-Year Water Supply Facilities Work Plan Associated Comprehensive Plan Amendment - Goals, Objectives and Policies

The following City of Westlake Comprehensive Plan Goals, Objectives, and Policies (GOPs) of the Infrastructure Element are being revised for consistency with the 10 Year Water Supply Facilities Work Plan Update (WSP) and are in underline (proposed new provisions) and ~~strikethrough~~ (proposed deleted provisions) format.

As GOPs are often amended outside of the cycle for Water Supply Plan amendments (i.e. Evaluation and Appraisal Report amendments every seven (7) years), these GOPs are being provided as reference and not made part of the officially adopted WSP. These amendments will be processed concurrently with, but not made part of, the WSP update.

Chapter 4 – Infrastructure Element

Objective INF 1.2 Provide adequate, efficient and safe water distribution to accommodate existing and future demand.

Policy INF 1.2.1 The City hereby adopts by reference the City of Westlake Water Supply Facilities Work Plan (Work Plan), dated ~~February 2018~~ May 2020, for a planning period of not less than 10 years. The Work Plan addresses issues that pertain to water supply facilities and requirements needed to serve current and future development within the City's water service area. The City shall review and update the Work Plan at least every five (5) years within 18 months after the governing board of the South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD) approves an updated Lower East Coast Water Supply Plan. Any changes affecting the Work Plan shall be included in the annual Capital Improvements Plan update to ensure consistency between with Work Plan and the Capital Improvements Element.

Objective INF 1.7 Provide adequate and effective protection of water resources, including the surficial aquifer, within the City.

Policy INF 1.7.2 Support the SFWMD 201~~3~~38 Lower East Coast Regional Water Supply Plan Update and coordinate with SFWMD on its implementation.